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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/736,081	12/15/2003	Alan G. Dry	1-74127	3258	
27377	7590 10/04/2004	•	EXAM	EXAMINER	
	AN, SOBANSKI & TO TIME PLAZA-FOURTH	ORTIZ, AN	ORTIZ, ANGELA Y		
	720 WATER STREET		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
TOLEDO, C	OH 43604		1732		

DATE MAILED: 10/04/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summers	10/736,081	DRY ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
The MAN INC DATE - Edition - 1 - C	Angela Ortiz	1732			
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence ad	dress		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reg. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	.136(a). In no event, however, may a r ply within the statutory minimum of thin I will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON te, cause the application to become AE	reply be timely filed  ty (30) days will be considered timel  ITHS from the mailing date of this or  3ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 L	December 2003.				
	is action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allows		ers, prosecution as to the	merits is		
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application	า.		•		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		•			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>15 December 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			R 1.121(d).		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E		` ,	` '		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
_		. 440(-) (-1) (5)	:		
<ul> <li>12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign</li> <li>a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:</li> <li>1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documen</li> </ul>		119(a)-(d) or (f).			
<ol><li>Certified copies of the priority documen</li></ol>	ts have been received in A	pplication No			
<ol><li>Copies of the certified copies of the price</li></ol>		received in this National	Stage		
application from the International Burea					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	t of the certified copies not	received.			
Attachment(s)		•			
1) M Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  D Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	) 5) 🔲 Notice of In	formal Patent Application (PTO	-152)		
Paper No(s)/Mail Date (1).	6)	<b>'</b>	:		

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3, 5, 7-9, 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticpated by Sanchez et al., USP 5,756,026.

The cited reference teaches the claimed method of forming an interior trim component comprising a composite of textile fabric coated with a moldable backing layer. The backing layer is exposed to radiant heating in a preheating process prior to placing the fabric within the mold, until the backing layer has softened or melted. The fabric is preheated to a temperature above the melting point of the backing layer, and is brought into contact with the backing layer so as to bond the two layers. The two layers are placed within the mold cavity of a compression molding apparatus. A compression molding process is performed as is well known in the molding art. See col. 5, lines 1-30, 60-67 and col. 6, lines 1-13, 55-67.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 2, 4, 6, 10, 12-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sanchez et al., USP 5,756,026.

The cited reference substantially teaches the basic claimed method of forming an interior trim component comprising a composite of textile fabric coated with a moldable backing layer. The backing layer is exposed to radiant heating in a preheating process prior to placing the fabric within the mold, until the backing layer has softened or melted. The fabric is preheated to a temperature above the melting point of the backing layer, and is brought into contact with the backing layer so as to bond the two layers. The two layers are placed within the mold cavity of a compression molding apparatus. A compression molding process is performed as is well known in the molding art. See col. 5, lines 1-30, 60-67 and col. 6, lines 1-13, 55-67.

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The cited reference does not teach the claimed melting range, the light source per se, melting a thermoplastic first material, or a multilayered first material as claimed.

Note that the added reference does set forth that the fabric layer may be a composite of thermoplastic materials, as well as a textile fabric with a thermoplastic face layer. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to so include any number of conventional materials, including composite layers as claimed and similarly shown in the applied reference, for molding a trim component of varied equivalent materials.

With respect to the claimed light source, note that the reference teaches conventional sources of radiant heat, and various control means for operating the lights. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide any number of conventional radiant heat means as claimed, for equivalently heating the layer as desired.

With respect to the claimed melted range, note that such ranges are conventional in the molding art and are further readily determined through routine experimentation.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. USP's 3049762; 3673034; 4357381; 5164142; 5824251.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Angela Ortiz whose telephone number is 571-272-1206. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 9:00-6:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Colaianni can be reached on 571-272-1196. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Angela Ortiz
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1732